Lesson Eleven Revelation 4:1-11

THE THRONE ROOM OF GOD

Introduction:

- 1. Chapter 1 served as an introduction to the book, its theme, and its central focus.
- 2. Chapters 2 & 3 recorded letters to the seven churches in Asia Minor and allowed a glimpse of the relationship between Jesus and His followers.
- 3. Chapter 4 begins the real symbolic means of stating the message of the book.
- 4. It begins with God and a view of His throne in Heaven.
- I. John Called to the Throne

(4:1-2)

- A. John had been told to write of three things (1:19).
 - 1. That which he had seen was the vision of Jesus among the lamps.
 - 2. The "things which are" referred to the current condition of the churches.
 - 3. Now, he is to see and write of the things which must be hereafter.
- B. When John looked, he saw an open door allowing him access into Heaven and the throne room of God.
 - 1. Keep in mind that this is a vision.
 - 2. It does not necessarily mean that John actually went into Heaven.
- C. This opening of Heaven had happened before (Ezekiel 1:1; Matthew 3:16; John 1:51; Acts 7:56; 10:11).
- D. Here, John is allowed to see the events of his day from both man's and God's perspective.
- II. God upon His Throne

(4:3-5)

- A. Immediately, John was allowed to see both the throne of God and the One who sat on it.
- B. This is not the first time God's throne has been revealed.
 - 1. Isaiah 6:1-3
 - 2. Ezekiel 1:1, 25-28
 - 3. Daniel 7:9-10
- C. The descriptions that follow are meant to create a sense of awe in the reader by emphasizing the glory, grandeur, and beauty of God.
- D. God is described as possessing the dazzling brilliance of fine jewels (cf. 21:11; Psalm 89:14-15; 97:2-3).
- E. There was a rainbow surrounding the throne symbolizing both the graciousness and faithfulness of God.
 - 1. His brilliance is filtered through His grace (cf. 1 Timothy 6:16).
 - 2. His faithfulness is seen in the certainty of His word (cf. Genesis 9:13).
- F. Surrounding God's throne were 24 other thrones on which were seated 24 elders.
- G. From God's throne there came lightnings, thundering, and voices representing God's power and majesty.
 - 1. This hearkens back to the manifestation of God's presence on Mount Sinai (Exodus 19:16; 20:18).
 - 2. Furthermore, it is a reminder of the justice and judgment of God (cf. Psalm 18:13-14; 144:5-8).

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- H. Before God's throne was the Holy Spirit, symbolized by seven burning lamps of fire.
- I. No matter how things looked on the earth, God was still on His throne aware and in control.

III. Beings around the Throne

(4:6-8)

- A. The transcendence of God is emphasized by the fact that before His throne was a sea of glass.
 - 1. Now, man is separated from God due to the flesh (John 1:18).
 - 2. As we overcome through the fire of tribulation, we draw closer to Him and stand on the sea of glass (Revelation 15:2).
 - 3. In eternity, the sea will be taken away, we will be like God, and we shall see Him as He is (Revelation 21:1; 1 John 3:1-2).
- B. Furthermore, surrounding God and His throne are the mighty hosts of angels beasts, or living creatures.
 - 1. The seraphim of Isaiah 6 have six wings and worship God.
 - 2. The cherubim of Ezekiel 1 have four wings, four faces and conduct the desires of God.
 - 3. The living creatures of Revelation are similar, yet different from both. {They have six wings but only one face. They are full of eyes and praise the God of Heaven.}
 - 4. It seems that they represent some order of angel or may stand for all of God's heavenly host.
 - 5. The lion may symbolize courage; the ox, strength; the man, wisdom; and the eagle, speed.
- C. Also around the throne are the 24 elders.
 - 1. They represent the saved of both the Old and New Testaments (cf. 15:3; Hebrews 9:15; 11:40; Ephesians 2:16; etc.).
 - 2. They are clothed in white, symbolizing their purity and holiness enabling them to worship God.
 - 3. They wear the golden crowns of victory (2:10; 2 Timothy 4:8).
 - 4. They reign with Christ (5:10; Ephesians 2:6; Romans 5:17).

IV. Worship before the Throne

(4:9-11)

- A. When the living creatures worship God, the 24 elders do the same.
- B. They cast their crowns before Him showing their submission to His authority and their dependence upon Him for victory.
- C. God is worthy of worship simply because He is God, man's Creator.

Conclusion: From Patmos to Heaven

- 1. Often in life, we live in the troubles of Patmos.
- 2. We must learn to look up during trying times and see a glimpse of Heaven.
- 3. There we will see God the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit.
- 4. There we will see His throne and be comforted by His faithfulness.
- 5. There we will see the saved and be motivated to endurance.
- 6. There we will see our goal and be encouraged to fight the good fight.
- 7. "Set your affection on things above" Colossians 3:2.