# Isaiah 7:14

# The Virgin Birth

# Text: Isaiah 7:14

## Introduction:

- 1. God had promised that the seed of woman would crush the head of the serpent and the enemy of man would be defeated (Genesis 3:15).
- 2. He showed that this victory would include blessedness for all through the seed of Abraham (Genesis 12:1-3).
- 3. This Victor would be a mediator (Job 19:23-27), a ruler (Genesis 49:10), a star (Numbers 24:17), a prophet (Deuteronomy 18:15-19), a priest (1 Samuel 2:35), and a king (1 Samuel 2:10) ruling from the throne of David (1 Chronicles 17:11-14).
- 4. During the time of David, the "sweet psalmist of Israel" (2 Samuel 23:1) recorded many prophecies of Jesus in the Psalms.
- 5. In the writings of the prophets, much more detail about the coming Messiah was given.
- 6. Isaiah declared that the Messiah would be born of a virgin...
- I. The Background

### (ISAIAH 7:1-13)

- A. The name Isaiah means, "Jehovah is salvation," "salvation is of Jehovah," or "Jehovah saves."
- B. Chapters 7 12 contain numerous references to the destruction of Israel and warnings of punishment against Judah.
- C. Israel and Syria united and attempted to overthrow King Ahaz of Judah.
- D. As a test of Ahaz, God sent Isaiah and his son to meet and encourage the king.
- E. To ground Ahaz's faith in evidence, God commanded him to ask for a sign.
- F. Ahaz refused and was rebuked by the prophet Isaiah (cf. 1:14).
- G. Thus, the choosing of the sign was taken from him and God would give a sign of His own.

### II. THE SIGN

### (ISAIAH 7:14)

- A. Notice that God spoke to the "house of David" (vs. 13) indicating that this sign was for the nation of Judah concerning more that present problems.
- B. The sign to be given by God was the virgin birth of Immanuel, the Messiah.
  - 1. This sign would come from the Lord Himself (cf. chapter 6).
  - 2. The word "behold" is to draw attention to the statement that would follow.
  - 3. "A virgin shall conceive."
    - a. Literally, the Hebrew states "the virgin."
    - b. The word is *almah* always referring to a virgin (Genesis 24:43 [cf. 24:16]; Exodus 2:8; Psalm 68:25; Song of Solomon 1:3; 6:8; Proverbs 30:19-20).
    - c. Matthew clearly explains what this word means (Matt. 1:22-23; cf. Luke 1:35ff).
- C. This son was Immanuel "God with us."
- **D.** He was completely human, yet sinless (vs. 15).
- E. The coming of the Messiah would be a sign of the victory of God in His purpose of salvation for the world.

- III. THE VIRGIN BIRTH
  - A. Fulfilled Prophecy
    - 1. Genesis 3:15; cf. Galatians 4:4
    - 2. Jeremiah 31:22
    - 3. Micah 5:2
  - B. Occurred Supernaturally
    - 1. John 1:1-14 Not by the will of man
    - 2. Matthew 1:1-16 Not by the action of man
    - 3. Luke 1:34-35 Begotten of the Holy Spirit
  - C. Happened Factually
    - 1. Genesis 2:7 Not greater than any other miracle of God
    - 2. The Holy Spirit declared it.
    - 3. The angel Gabriel announced it.
    - 4. Joseph accepted it.
    - 5. Matthew and Luke recorded it.
    - 6. God verified it (Matthew 3:16-17; cf. John 3:16).
    - 7. Jesus proclaimed it (John 14:9).
    - 8. The resurrection proved it (Romans 1:3-4).
  - D. Jesus is the virgin born Son of God and only Savior of mankind.