Studies In Genesis

Judah

The Kingdom of Christ

Text: Genesis 49:8-12

Introduction:

- 1. The twelve sons of Jacob became the heads of the twelve tribes of Israel.
- 2. In Genesis 49, Jacob made prophetic blessings over his sons.
- 3. The most significant of these was toward Judah, from whom Jesus would descend...

I. Judah: The Man

- A. Judah was the fourth son of Jacob by Leah (Gen. 29:35).
- B. Judah saved Joseph from being killed by his brothers (Gen. 37:26).
- C. Judah offered himself as surety for Benjamin (Gen. 43:8ff).
- D. Judah begged Joseph for Benjamin's life to be spared (Gen. 44:18).
- E. Judah committed adultery with his son's widow, Tamar, thinking she was a prostitute (Gen. 38).

II. Judah: The Tribe

- A. Bezaleel, of the tribe of Judah, was chosen by God to build the furniture for the tabernacle (Exo. 31:2).
- B. The tribe of Judah always camped due east of the tabernacle and was the first to depart camp (Num. 2:3; 10:14).
- C. Caleb was of the tribe of Judah (Num. 13:6).
- D. The tribe of Judah settled in the southernmost part of Canaan, near Edom and Zin (Josh. 15:1).
- E. The Lord chose Judah to fight against the Canaanites (Jud. 1:1).
- F. David was first anointed king over Judah (2 Sa. 2:1-8).
- G. When the kingdom divided, Judah served under Rehoboam as God desired (1 Kings 14:21).

III. Judah: The Prophecy

- A. Genesis 49:10 *A prophecy of the kingdom of Christ*.
- B. David was just a shadow of the King of kings who would come from the tribe of Judah (Hebrews 7:14; 2 Sam. 7:12-14; Heb. 1:5).
- C. <u>Isaiah 2:1-4</u> *Teaching about the kingdom of Christ*.
 - 1. The word of the Lord went forth from Jerusalem {Luke 24:44-49 (Cf. Isa. 53; Psa. 16:10; Micah 4:1-5)}.
 - 2. The church is the house of God {1 Tim. 3:13 (Cf. Heb. 10:21; 1 Pet. 2:5; 4:17)}.

- 3. Established in the "last days" (Acts 2:16-17).
- D. <u>Jeremiah 22:24-30</u> *No king until Christ*.
 - 1. Coniah (also called Jehoiachin [2 Kin. 24:6] and Jechoniah [1 Chron. 3:16]) was to be written childless.
 - a. No descendant of his would prosper on the throne of David in Judah.
 - b. Jesus was a descendant of Coniah both legally and physically (Matt. 1:11; Luke 3:27).
 - 2. Jesus was promised to sit on David's throne (2 Sam. 7:12-14; Psa. 89:34-37; Isa. 9:6-7; Luke 1:32-33).
 - 3. He began reigning from David's throne (which is now in Heaven) on Pentecost (Acts 2:30-31; Dan. 7:13-14).
- E. Daniel 2:36-45 *Nebuchadnezzar's dream of Christ's kingdom*.
 - 1. Head of Gold = Babylon

Arms of Silver = Medo-Persia

Belly of Brass = Greece Legs of Iron = Rome

- 2. In the days of the Roman Empire, Jesus' kingdom began (Luke 3:1-3; Mark 1:14-15).
- 3. Compare Daniel 7:13-14; Psa. 24:7-10; John 16:28; Acts 1:9-11.
- F. Zechariah 6:12-13 Christ is both a king and a priest.
 - 1. Christ is priest now! (Hebrews 8:1-4).
 - 2. If His throne were on earth, He could not be a priest. If He is not a priest, He is not reigning as king.
- G. <u>Joel 2:28-32</u> *The beginning of Christ's kingdom*.
 - 1. The kingdom would come with power (Mark 9:1).
 - 2. The disciples waited in Jerusalem for power (Luke 24:49).
 - 3. The power came from the Holy Spirit (Acts 1:4-8).
 - 4. The Holy Spirit came with power on Pentecost (Acts 2:1-4).
 - 5. Therefore, the kingdom of Christ began on Pentecost.

Conclusion: All of these prophecies relate back to the promise made to Judah – who linked the Messiah and His kingdom with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob.