Psalm 36

THE PSALMS OF DAVID

PART 4

Introduction:

- 1. This psalm of David could have been written during many different times of his life.
- 2. David often faced enemies and sought God's help and deliverance.
- 3. Thus, the psalm gives a general understanding of evil men and a righteous God.
- 4. It teaches principles that can be applied to many circumstances in life.
- I. The Blackness of Man's Sins

(vs. 1-4)

- A. This section gives a description of the wicked.
- B. He has no fear of God (cf. Heb. 12:28-29; Ecc. 12:13).
- C. He flatters himself (cf. Psa. 12:2-4; Luke 10:29; 16:14-15).
 - 1. Sinners destroy themselves.
 - They could not be deceived by Satan if they did not first deceive themselves.
- D. He hopes his sin will not be found out and hated, but it will (1 Sam. 15:18-24).
- E. He is filled with hypocrisy and deceit.
- F. He renounces wisdom and goodness.
- G. He plots wickedness and seeks to perfect the practice of it.
- II. The Brightness of God's Mercy

(vs. 5-9)

- A. In contrast with man's transgressions is the mercy of God.
- B. It is as high as the heavens (cf. 52:1; 57:10; 103:11; 108:4)!
 - Man limits the mercy of God by refusing to obey His terms for receiving it.
 - 2. God offers the great invitation He does not force Himself upon man.
- C. It is immoveable as the great mountains.
- D. It is as deep as the depths of the oceans.
- E. It is excellent and precious as steadfast loving-kindness.
- F. It is as trustworthy as a father's love for his children.
- G. It is proven through His providential care.
- H. It is as refreshing as a fountain of life-giving water.
- I. It is as bright as light giving light to all who receive it.
- III. The Blessedness of the Upright

(vs. 10-12)

- A. The concluding passage is a prayer.
- B. God will watch over those who are godly.
- C. God will defeat those who are godless.