2 Samuel 15:13 - 16:14

THE EXILE OF DAVID

PART 1

I. David Departs Jerusalem

(2 Samuel 15:13-17)

- A. A messenger came to David declaring that the nation had sided with Absalom in his plot to take the throne.
 - 1. This was an exaggeration (cf. 13:30).
 - 2. However, David responded with true leadership to protect his faithful supporters and the city of Jerusalem.
- B. Thus, David made the decision to depart from Jerusalem.
- C. He left behind 10 of his concubines to keep the house.
- D. He and his followers traveled to Beth-merchak, the last house before one left the city.
- II. David's Loyal Servants

(2 Samuel 15:18-23)

- A. Traveling with the King were his loyal servants, including the Cherethites, Pelethites, and Gittites 600 strong.
 - 1. These were men who served as David's bodyguard or secret service.
 - 2. They seem to have been foreigners, some even from Gath.
 - 3. They were under the leadership of Benaiah (8:18).
 - 4. It is possible that this is a reference to David's "mighty men."
- B. Ittai of Gath seems to have been the leader of the Gittites.
- C. David offered him the chance to return home, but Ittai pledged his loyalty to David and, more importantly, to Jehovah.
- D. All these, with their families, passed over the brook of Kidron as the country wept for their exiled leader.
- III. David's Faithful Spies

(2 Samuel 15:24-37)

- A. Zadok and the Levites remained loval to the true King of Israel.
- B. They brought the Ark of the Covenant from the city to travel with David.
- C. However, David ordered them to return it to Jerusalem, declaring his trust in God.
- D. David instructed Zadok and Abiathar and their sons to remain in Jerusalem and to report to him as spies.
- E. David himself climbed the Mount of Olives, weeping, barefoot, and with his head covered demonstrating his sorrow and humiliation.
- F. Word came to David that his trusted advisor, Ahithophel, had conspired with Absalom against the King.
 - 1. Remember that Ahithophel was Bathsheba's grandfather.
 - 2. David prayed that God would turn the usually wise counsel of Ahithophel to foolishness (cf. Psalm 55:12-14).
- G. David's friend, Hushai, approached and the King asked him to serve Absalom as a counsellor to fight against the plans of Ahithophel.
- H. This spy ring would allow David to know what was happening in the city and to work toward his return to the throne.
- IV. David's Opportunistic Enemies

(2 Samuel 16:1-14)

A. Ziba used this as an opportunity to do good toward David; however, his motives were corrupt.

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- B. He only wanted to find favor with David so he would be given the inheritance of Mephibosheth.
- C. Note that he did not offer to go into exile with David.
- D. Shimei saw this as an opportunity to curse the King whom he felt had wronged his family, the descendants of Saul.
- E. David demonstrated great patience with both of these men and showed his trust in God for justice and righteousness.
- F. Finally, they made it to a place where they could rest for the evening.
- V. David's Unwavering Faith

(Psalms 3 - 4)