## 2 Samuel 3

## DAVID, ABNER, AND JOAB TRUST AND TREACHERY

Introduction:

- David had been anointed King over Judah. 1.
- 2. However, Abner had worked to have Ishbosheth, Saul's son, anointed as King of Israel.
- 3. This led to conflict between Israel and Judah – and between Abner (captain of Israel's army) and Joab (captain of Judah's army).
- Ι. The Strength of David's House

## (3:1-5)

(3:6-11)

(3:12-21)

- As the house of Saul grew weaker, the house of David grew stronger. Α.
- As evidence of this, the record of David's children born in Hebron is given. Β.
  - Chileab is also known as Daniel (1 Chron. 3:1). 1.
  - 2. Chileab seems to mean. "Like his father."
- C. David's polygamy will lead to conflict among his offspring.
- II. The Weakness of Israel
  - At the beginning of this conflict, Abner was aligned strongly with Israel. Α.
  - Β. However, after Ishbosheth accused him of taking Saul's concubine, he was overcome with outrage.
  - C. He vowed to turn against Israel and help David become King over the entire nation of Israel.
- III. The Covenant between David and Abner
  - Abner offered to make a covenant with David. Α.
  - Β. David agreed but demanded proof of Abner's faithfulness - the return of Michal, his wife.
  - C. She was returned to David and Abner began persuading the tribes to align with David.
  - D. Abner was having success and David celebrated with a feast.
  - Abner left the king in peace to continue his work for David. E.
- IV. The Rebellion of Joab
  - (3:22-30)During this time, Joab and the army of Judah had been away. Α.
  - Β. When Joab learned of David's covenant with Abner, he was outraged.
  - C. Thus, he secretly sent word for Abner to return.
  - D. Upon meeting him, Joab assassinated Abner.
  - David declared his innocence in this matter and pronounced a curse upon Joab E. and his family.
- V. The Sincerity of David
  - Α. David proved by his actions that Joab had acted without his approval.
  - Β. As a result, the people approved of David.
  - C. Yet, David recognized the weakness of his situation concerning Joab.

## (3:31-39)