THE PSALMS OF DAVID

PART 2

Introduction:

- 1. There are many different types of psalms.
- 2. Some of the most powerful are the messianic psalms psalms that look forward to the coming of Jesus, the Messiah.
- 3. Psalms 22, 23, and 24 all anticipate the life and work of Jesus.
- 4. Yet, each one does so in different terms and with a different image.
- I. Jesus, the Lamb

(Psalm 22)

- A. The title given to this psalm is "Aijeleth Sharar" which means, "Hind of the Morning" or "the Deer of Dawn."
 - 1. The imagery is of a deer stalked by hunters, chased by dogs, ensnared, and killed.
 - 2. It represents the suffering and sacrifice of Jesus.
- B. It is assigned to the "chief musician" the overseer of the singers, "choirmaster," or "director."
- C. It is divided into two sections:
- D. Verses 1-21 Suffering
 - 1. Seemingly forsaken by God (vs. 1-2)
 - a. But, God is holy (vs. 3)
 - b. But, God is trustworthy (vs. 4-5)
 - 2. Despised and mocked by man (vs. 6-8)
 - a. But, in God is hope (vs. 9-11)
 - 3. Surrounded and threatened by men (vs. 12-13)
 - 4. Attacked and made to suffer intensely (vs. 14-18)
 - a. Clearly, this describes the suffering endured by Jesus on the cross.
 - b. Charles Spurgeon wrote: "He had long been a fountain of tears; in Gethsemane his heart welled over in sweat, and on the cross he gushed forth with blood; he poured out his strength and spirit, so that he was reduced to the most feeble and exhausted state."
 - c. Jesus declared, "I thirst" (John 19:28; cf. vs. 15).
 - d. In the crucifixion, the hands and feet of Jesus were pierced (John 20:25, 27; cf. Zech. 12:10; John 19:37).
 - e. Verse 18 is recorded as fulfilled in all four Gospel accounts (Matt. 27:35; Mark 15:24; Luke 23:34; John 19:23-24).
 - 5. In faith, a cry for help (vs. 19-21)
- E. Verses 22-31 Salvation
 - 1. Verse 22 is quoted in Hebrews 2:11-12 declaring the Christian's brotherhood with Jesus.
 - 2. God is praised for delivering His suffering servant (vs. 22-26).
 - a. This implies the resurrection.
 - b. This implies the establishment of the church.
 - 3. The message of God's grace will go into all the world (vs. 27-31).

Lesson Thirty-Seven

Psalms 22, 23, 24

II. Jesus, the Shepherd

(Psalm 23)

- A. Jesus declared Himself to be the "good shepherd" (John 10:11, 14).
- B. Psalm 23 pictures the Lord as a good shepherd who provides for and protects His sheep.
 - 1. Faith "The Lord is my shepherd"
 - 2. Assurance "I shall not want"
 - 3. Contentment "He maketh me to lie down in green pastures"
 - 4. Peace "He leadeth me beside the still waters"
 - 5. Life "He restoreth my soul"
 - 6. Guidance "He leadeth me in the paths of righteousness"
 - 7. Confidence "Yea, though I walk through the valley"
 - 8. Courage "I will fear no evil"
 - 9. Companionship "For thou art with me"
 - 10. Comfort "Thy rod and thy staff they comfort me"
 - 11. Providence "Thou preparest a table before me"
 - 12. Favor "Thou anointest my head with oil"
 - 13. Joy "My cup runneth over"
 - 14. Blessing "Surely goodness and mercy shall follow me"
 - 15. Immortality "And I will dwell in the house of the Lord forever"
- C. Truly, Jesus is the Good Shepherd.
- III. Jesus, the King

(Psalm 24)

- A. Verses 1-2 The Sovereignty of God
- B. Verses 3-6 The Character of those accepted by God
 - 1. David knew about ascending the hill of the Lord.
 - 2. He had tried to bring the Ark of the Covenant back to Jerusalem but was hindered because he acted sinfully.
 - 3. Only when he obeyed the Word of God was he able to ascend the hill and restore the Ark.
 - 4. When it was accomplished, there was great joy and rejoicing.
 - 5. This only prefigured the joy at the return of Jesus to Heaven!
- C. Verses 7-10 Jesus, the King of glory
 - 1. The gates of Heaven were opened for the return of the victorious Savior!
 - 2. He had conquered Satan, sin, and death!
 - 3. This is a prophecy of the ascension of Jesus (cf. Mark 16:19; Acts 1:9ff).
- D. Truly, Jesus is the King of glory!