PRAYER

PART 6 – PRAYER AND PROVIDENCE

Introduction:

- 1. "Lord, teach us to pray" (Luke 11:1).
- 2. For the Christian, there are no unanswered prayers.
- 3. It is good to consider the connection between God's providence and the answer to prayer.
- I. The Providence of God
 - A. The word "providence" has to do with fore-thought and provision (Acts 24:2; Rom. 13:14).
 - B. Easton defines it as, "God's preserving and governing all things by means of second causes."
 - 1. It is more than natural law.
 - 2. It is less than miraculous.
 - C. Three examples:
 - 1. Joseph (Genesis 50:20)
 - 2. Esther (Esther 4:14)
 - 3. Jesus (Galatians 4:4; Ephesians 1:10)
- II. Providence and the Prayer of Elijah
 - A. Elijah's prayer affected the weather (James 5:17-18).
 - B. Yet, it was not a miracle (1 Kings 17:1; 18:1, 41-46).
 - C. God worked by controlling His natural laws.
- III. Providence and the Prayer of the Christian
 - A. James used this event to illustrate the power of prayer.
 - B. Prayer for the afflicted (cf. 2 Tim. 2:3, 9; 4:5)
 - C. Prayer for the physically sick
 - 1. Intercessory prayer
 - 2. Joined with the use of medicine (cf. 2 Kin. 20:1-7)
 - 3. Results in healing (cf. Phil. 2:27)
 - 4. According to God's will (cf. 2 Tim. 4:20; 2 Cor. 12:7-9)
 - D. Prayer for the spiritually sick
 - 1. Physical sickness should make one consider his spiritual health.
 - 2. Sin may be forgiven through repentance, confession and prayer.

Conclusion: God Is Able (Ephesians 3:20-21)

Ephesians 3:20-21 Now unto him that is able to do exceeding abundantly above all that we ask or think, according to the power that worketh in us, 21 Unto him be glory in the church by Christ Jesus throughout all ages, world without end. Amen.