## The Book of Joshua

## Preparing for the Conquest of Canaan Background of the Canaanites

- I. The Nations Inhabiting Canaan
  - A. The **Amorites** inhabited the land west of the Euphrates River and were known as barbarians and uncivilized people (cf. Josh. 12:1-6).
  - B. The **Hittites** were polytheists and described their array of gods as "the thousand gods."
    - 1. It is likely that they were responsible for leading Israel into pagan, idolatrous worship later in their history.
    - 2. It was from the Hittites that Abraham purchased the cave of Machpelah as a burying place for his family (Gen. 23).
    - 3. Uriah, the husband of Bathsheba, was a Hittite (2 Sam. 11:17).
  - C. The **Perizzites** inhabited the "forest country" in the territory of the tribes of Ephraim, Manasseh, and Judah (Josh. 17:15; Jud. 1:4-5).
    - 1. Israel did not completely destroy the Perizzites from the land.
    - 2. Later, they intermarried with the Israelites (cf. Jud. 3:5-6; Ezra 9:1).
  - D. The **Hivites** lived near the cities of Tyre and Sidon (2 Sam. 24:7) and became servants of the Israelites (Josh. 9:27; 1 Kin. 9:20-21).
  - E. The **Canaanites** settled in the land before 2,000 BC and were a highly civilized people worshippers of the god Baal.
  - F. The **Jebusites** were the original inhabitants of the city of Jerusalem a city not captured fully until the time of David (Jud. 19:10-11; 1 Chr. 11:4-6).
- II. The Judgment of Canaan
  - A. The conquering of Canaan by Israel was meant as a judgment of God upon the persistent sins of the Canaanites.
  - B. They had numerous motives, opportunities, and ample time to repent of their sins (cf. Gen. 15:16).
    - 1. The priesthood of Melchizedek (Gen. 14:18ff)
    - 2. The presence of Abraham (Gen. 12:6; 13:7; etc.)
    - 3. The destruction of Sodom and Gomorrah (Gen. 19)
    - 4. The influence of Isaac and Jacob (Gen. 26; 35)
    - 5. The punishment of Egypt (Exodus)
    - 6. The deliverance of Israel (Exodus)
    - 7. The defeat of neighboring tribes (Exo. 17: Deut. 2 3)
  - C. Furthermore, their sins were grievous human sacrifice in their idolatrous worship.
  - D. Thus, the punishment was to be severe and thorough (Deut. 20:17).