THE CONSEQUENCES OF COMPROMISE

Text: Genesis 6:1-8

Introduction:

- 1. There are many lessons to be learned from the Book of Beginnings Genesis.
- 2. Yet, one of the most shocking and important is the rapid progression of sin.
- 3. Very shortly after the creation, Adam and Eve introduced sin into the world.
- 4. Since that time, sin spread until engulfed nearly the entire Earth.
- 5. From Genesis 6 we learn how the devil aids the spread of sin through the spirit of compromise...
- I. The Reason for Compromise (vs. 1-2)
 - A. There are two separate and distinct types of people on God's Earth.
 - 1. Those who are faithful to Him "the sons of God."
 - 2. Those who are not faithful to Him "*the daughters of men.*"
 - B. This passage informs us that the faithful children of God began to intermarry with the unfaithful and wicked of the world.
 - C. The result of these marriages was compromise with sin.
 - D. The motivation (reason) for this compromise was two-fold...
 - 1. *Carnality* "that they were fair"
 - a. They desired the physical over the spiritual.
 - b. 1 Sam. 16:7; Isa. 55:8-9; Luke 16:15
 - 2. Selfishness "of all which they chose"
 - a. They chose what they wanted, not what God desired.
 - b. *Rebellion* (Deut. 9:23-24; 1 Sam. 15:23-24)
- II. The Rejection of Compromise (vs. 3)

A.

- Because of their compromise, God would no longer strive with them.
 - 1. God's Spirit strives with man through His Word (Neh. 9:30).
 - 2. This striving was done by the preaching of Noah (2 Pet. 2:5; 1 Pet. 3:18-20).
- B. There is a limit to God's longsuffering.
 - 1. 120 years The time of God's longsuffering (1 Pet. 3:20).
 - 2. Noah preached for 120 years and saved only his family.
- III. The Results of Compromise (vs. 4-5)
 - A. Sinners are strengthened.
 - 1. The children of these compromised marriages are called giants.
 - a. They may have been giant in stature (cf. Dt. 2:20-21; 3:11).
 - b. Physical dominance without moral guidance leads to oppression.
 - 2. Thus, they and their children became men of name, notoriety.
 - B. Sin is spread.
 - 1. The result was that sin found a fertile field in which to grow.
 - 2. By the end of the 120 years man was completely corrupt.

- IV. The Ruin of Compromise (vs. 6-7)
 - A. God is grieved.
 - 1. Rebellion and rejection grieves the heart of God (Heb. 3:10, 17).
 - 2. Thus, God's mind is changed toward His creation from gracious protector to righteous judge.
 - B. Man is destroyed.
 - 1. The world was destroyed because of man's compromise with sin (cf. 7:21-22; Psalm 104:1-9).
 - 2. All sinners were killed and are now in the prison of torment awaiting the final judgment.
- V. The Redemption from Compromise (vs. 8)
 - A. God's grace.
 - 1. God still extends grace to remove man from sin.
 - 2. Man must be willing not to compromise with the world.
 - B. Man's faith.
 - 1. It is only by man's complete trust in God that he can avoid compromise.
 - 2. It is only by man's obedient faith that he can escape the ruin of compromise (Heb. 11:7).

Conclusion:

- 1. Have you compromised with the world.
- 2. Have you compromised with error.
- 3. Have you compromised with sin.
- 4. Come back to God by faithful obedience to His Will.